

How to find the

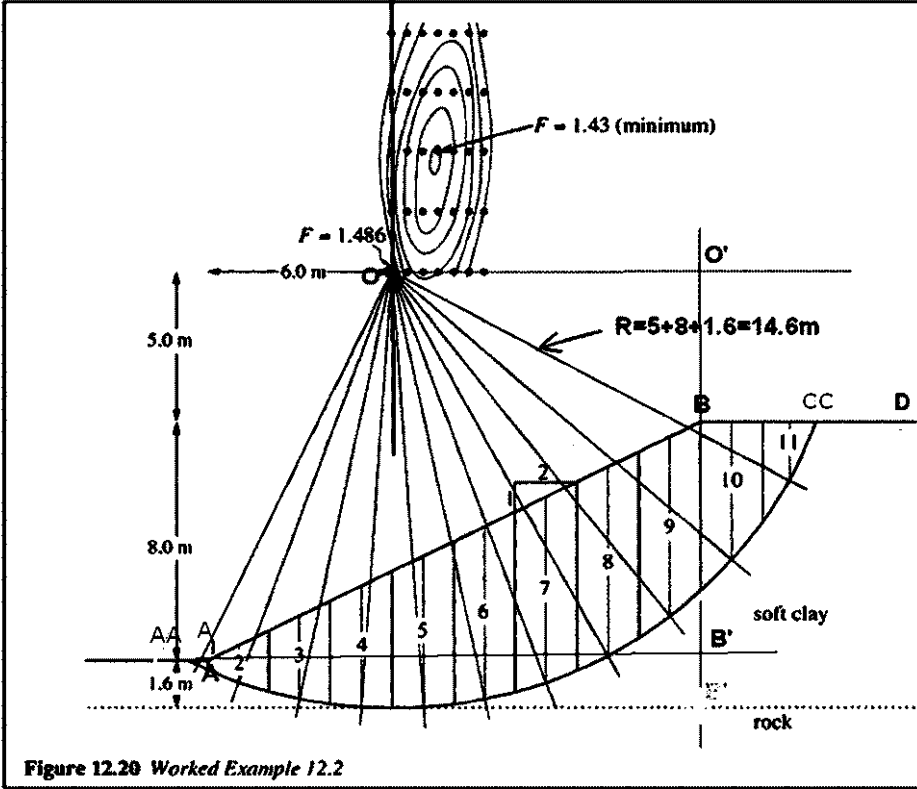
1. Two Intersection Points (**AA** and **CC**) of a defined **CENTER** (x,y) of a slip circle with the **SLOPE Profile** .
2. Number of **SLICES** for a given **width** of slices.

Based on Example 12.2 (Page 296) - Soil Mechanics : Principles and Practice by G.E. Barnes

appVersion (4) = "1.0.8348.30405"

appVersion (-4) = "1.0.8348.30405"

$t_0 := \text{time}(0)$



From Textbook
 A slope is to be cut into a soft clay with undrained shear strength of 30 kN/m² and unit weight of 18 kN/m³. The slope is 8.0 m high and its inclination is 2: 1 (horizontal:vertical). Determine the factor of safety for the trial circle shown on Figure 12.20.

← Slip Circle **tangential** to the **ROCK** Layer at depth of **1.6 m** below the toe.

METHOD of Analysis :

Note : Textbook method using eqn 12.9 is **approximate**.

Instead, an **accurate** method of finding **Strip Areas (Program 21)** and **Full Curve Length (Program 22)** is used

Slope Geometry

$(H_{bund} := 8 \text{ m}) = \text{"Height of Bund"}$
 $(\beta_{slope} := \frac{1}{2}) = \text{"Slope of line AB with Horizontal"}$
 $(H_{hz} := 6 \text{ m}) = \text{"Horizontal distance from A to Center"}$
 $(H_{rock} := 1.6 \text{ m}) = \text{"Heigth from A (Toe) to Rock Layer"}$
 $(WIDTH := 1 \text{ m}) = \text{"Define width of strips for Stability Analysis"}$

Define Array of Centers

CENS6 :=

10	10
8.5	22
8.5	18
7	5
4	5
1.5	5
1	5
1	1.1
1	1
1	2
0.5	1
0	2
0	1
-3	1
-5	1
-10	1
-0.59	1
-0.6	1

 m

1. Calculations

$AB' := \frac{H_{bund}}{\beta_{slope}} = 16 \text{ m}$ $OO' := AB' - 6 \text{ m} = 10 \text{ m}$

$AB := \sqrt{H_{bund}^2 + AB'^2} = 17.8885 \text{ m}$

1.1 Define Slope Toe Coordinates

$A := [1 \ 1] \text{ m}$

Note: Pl do **not change coordinates of A**, as all coordinates read from **ACAD** are based on this defined value of A

$[1 \ \text{m} \ 1 \ \text{m}] = [1 \ 1] \text{ m}$

1.2 Define Trial Center

$Center := [8.5 \ 18] \text{ m}$

1.3 Radius of Circle from Center to touch the **rock layer** Distance from A to B

$R := Center_2 - A_2 + H_{rock} = 18.6 \text{ m}$

$B := [(AB' + A_1) (H_{bund} + A_2)] = [17 \ 9] \text{ m}$

Slope of Line AB

$SL := \beta_{slope} = 0.5$

Intercept of Line AB using $C = y - mx$

$SP := A_{12} - SL \cdot A_{11} = 0.5 \text{ m}$

X coord beyond which both the intersecting pt is in hoz line

$\Delta x_{neg_{cen}} := A_2 - H_{rock} = -0.6 \text{ m}$

Distance from Center to A $L_{CA} := \sqrt{(Center_1 - A_1)^2 + (Center_2 - A_2)^2} = 18.58 \text{ m}$ $L_{CA} > R = 0$

Distance from Center to B $L_{CB} := \sqrt{(Center_1 - B_1)^2 + (Center_2 - B_2)^2} = 12.38 \text{ m}$ $L_{CB} > R = 0$

2 Analysis

Program 1 : To find intersection points of Circle with slope profile

```

Find_aa_cc (Pt, cen#) :=
    rr := (cen#_2 - A_2) + H_rock
           m
    L_ca := sqrt( ( (cen#_1 - A_1) / m )^2 + ( (cen#_2 - A_2) / m )^2 )
    L_cb := sqrt( ( (cen#_1 - B_1) / m )^2 + ( (cen#_2 - B_2) / m )^2 )
    gs# := {
        y - SL * x - SP / m   if (L_ca > rr) ^ (Pt = A)
        y - SL * x - SP / m   if (L_cb > rr) ^ (Pt = B)
        y - Pt_2 / m           otherwise
    }
    f(x, y) := [ ( (x - cen#_1_1 / m)^2 + (y - cen#_1_2 / m)^2 - rr^2 ) ]
    ans := {
        roots( f(x, y), [ x ], [ -Pt_1 / m, Pt_2 / m ] )^T m   if (cen#_1 <= A_1) ^ (Pt = A)
        roots( f(x, y), [ x ], [ Pt_1 / m, Pt_2 / m ] )^T m   otherwise
    }
    
```

$Center = [8.5 \ \text{m} \ 18 \ \text{m}]$

$L_{CB} = 12.38 \text{ m}$

$R = 18.6 \text{ m}$

$L_{CA} > R = 0$

$L_{CB} > R = 0$

$Center_1 < A_1 = 0$

$Center_1 < 0 = 0$

Program 2 : To deal with -ve x cord of centers

$$Find_Neg(Pt, cen) := \begin{cases} rr := (cen_2 - A_2) + H_{rock} \\ \begin{cases} \begin{bmatrix} cen_1 - rr \\ cen_2 \end{bmatrix}^T & \text{if } (cen_1 \leq \Delta x_{neg_cen}) \wedge (Pt = A) \\ \begin{bmatrix} cen_1 + rr \\ cen_2 \end{bmatrix}^T & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \end{cases}$$

Program 3 : To stack and array

$$STACK(M\#) := \begin{cases} \text{for } j \in [1..rows(M\#)] \\ \begin{cases} \text{if } j = 1 \\ bb := M\#_j \\ \text{else} \\ bb := stack(bb, M\#_j) \end{cases} \\ bb \end{cases}$$

Program 4 :

$$Find_Any(Pt, cen) := \begin{cases} ans := \begin{cases} Find_Neg(Pt, cen) & \text{if } cen_1 \leq -0.60 \text{ m} \\ Find_aa_cc(Pt, cen) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \end{cases}$$

Program 25 : Sample program to find the Number of Slices in Crtical Failure Circle

$$Find_Slices_Tot(A, aa, B, cc, width) := \begin{cases} slices_AB := \begin{cases} \left\| \frac{aa_1 - B_1}{width} \right\| & \text{if } (aa_1 > A_1) \wedge (B_1 > aa_1) \\ \left\| \frac{A_1 - B_1}{width} \right\| & \text{if } (A_1 > aa_1) \wedge (cc_1 > B_1) \\ \left\| \frac{A_1 - cc_1}{width} \right\| & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ slices_HOZ1 := \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } aa_1 > A_1 \\ \left\| \frac{A_1 - aa_1}{width} \right\| & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ slices_HOZ2 := \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } cc_1 < B_1 \\ \left\| \frac{B_1 - cc_1}{width} \right\| & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ slices_Tot := slices_AB + slices_HOZ1 + slices_HOZ2 \end{cases}$$

Program 5 : To analyze array of centers

$$Find_All_AA_CC(M, width) := \begin{cases} j := [1..rows(M)] \\ rr_j := (M_j[1..2]_2 - A_2) + H_{rock} \\ Z1_j := Find_Any(A, M_j[1..2]) \\ Z2_j := Find_Any(B, M_j[1..2]) \\ Z3_j := Find_Slices_Tot(A, Z1_j, B, Z2_j, width) \\ Z := augment(Z1, Z2, Z3) \\ Z := [M] rr Z1 Z2 Z3 \end{cases}$$
3. Results for the TRIAL CENTER

Center = [8.5 18] m R = 18.6 m

Center₁ ≤ -0.60 m = 0

AA := Find_Any(A, Center) = [0.95 m 1 m]

CC := Find_Any(B, Center) = [24.78 m 9 m]

Find_Slices_Tot(A, AA, B, CC, WIDTH) = 25

4. Results for the ARRAY of CENTER**4.1 Define Header for the output Table**

HD := augment("Center X", "Center Y", "Radius", "AA_X", "AA_Y", "CC_X", "CC_Y", "Slices")

Apply Program 5

```
Res1 := Find_All_AA_CC (CENS6, WIDTH) =
```

10 m	10 m	10.6 m	[3.03 m 2.01 m]	[20.55 m 9 m]	[18]
8.5 m	22 m	22.6 m	[0.15 m 1 m]	[26.99 m 9 m]	[27]
8.5 m	18 m	18.6 m	[0.95 m 1 m]	[24.78 m 9 m]	[25]
7 m	5 m	5.6 m	[2.46 m 1.73 m]	[12.34 m 6.67 m]	[15]
4 m	5 m	5.6 m	[0.08 m 1 m]	[9.59 m 5.3 m]	[10]
1.5 m	5 m	5.6 m	[-2.42 m 1 m]	[7.01 m 4.01 m]	[11]
1 m	5 m	5.6 m	[-2.92 m 1 m]	[6.45 m 3.73 m]	[10]
1 m	1.1 m	1.7 m	[-0.7 m 1 m]	[2.56 m 1.78 m]	[4]
1 m	1 m	1.6 m	[-0.6 m 1 m]	[2.43 m 1.72 m]	[4]
1 m	2 m	2.6 m	[-1.4 m 1 m]	[3.58 m 2.29 m]	[6]
0.5 m	1 m	1.6 m	[-1.1 m 1 m]	[2.02 m 1.51 m]	[5]
0	2 m	2.6 m	[-2.4 m 1 m]	[2.59 m 1.8 m]	[6]
0	1 m	1.6 m	[-1.6 m 1 m]	[1.57 m 1.29 m]	[4]
-3 m	1 m	1.6 m	[-4.6 m 1 m]	[-1.4 m 1 m]	[9]
-5 m	1 m	1.6 m	[-6.6 m 1 m]	[-3.4 m 1 m]	[13]
-10 m	1 m	1.6 m	[-11.6 m 1 m]	[-8.4 m 1 m]	[23]
-0.59 m	1 m	1.6 m	[-2.19 m 1 m]	[1.01 m 1 m]	[5]
-0.6 m	1 m	1.6 m	[-2.2 m 1 m]	[1 m 1 m]	[4]

```
Res2 := STACK (Res1) =
```

10 m	10 m	10.6 m	3.03 m	2.01 m	20.55 m	9 m	18
8.5 m	22 m	22.6 m	0.15 m	1 m	26.99 m	9 m	27
8.5 m	18 m	18.6 m	0.95 m	1 m	24.78 m	9 m	25
7 m	5 m	5.6 m	2.46 m	1.73 m	12.34 m	6.67 m	15
4 m	5 m	5.6 m	0.08 m	1 m	9.59 m	5.3 m	10
1.5 m	5 m	5.6 m	-2.42 m	1 m	7.01 m	4.01 m	11
1 m	5 m	5.6 m	-2.92 m	1 m	6.45 m	3.73 m	10
1 m	1.1 m	1.7 m	-0.7 m	1 m	2.56 m	1.78 m	4
1 m	1 m	1.6 m	-0.6 m	1 m	2.43 m	1.72 m	4
1 m	2 m	2.6 m	-1.4 m	1 m	3.58 m	2.29 m	6
0.5 m	1 m	1.6 m	-1.1 m	1 m	2.02 m	1.51 m	5
0	2 m	2.6 m	-2.4 m	1 m	2.59 m	1.8 m	6
0	1 m	1.6 m	-1.6 m	1 m	1.57 m	1.29 m	4
-3 m	1 m	1.6 m	-4.6 m	1 m	-1.4 m	1 m	9
-5 m	1 m	1.6 m	-6.6 m	1 m	-3.4 m	1 m	13
-10 m	1 m	1.6 m	-11.6 m	1 m	-8.4 m	1 m	23
-0.59 m	1 m	1.6 m	-2.19 m	1 m	1.01 m	1 m	5
-0.6 m	1 m	1.6 m	-2.2 m	1 m	1 m	1 m	4

```
R3 := augment (Res2_11, Res2_12, Res2_13, Res2_14, Res2_15 m)
```

Center X	Center Y	Radius	AA_X	AA_Y	CC_X	CC_Y	Slices
10	10	10.6	3.03	2.01	20.55	9	18
8.5	22	22.6	0.15	1	26.99	9	27
8.5	18	18.6	0.95	1	24.78	9	25
7	5	5.6	2.46	1.73	12.34	6.67	15
4	5	5.6	0.08	1	9.59	5.3	10
1.5	5	5.6	-2.42	1	7.01	4.01	11
1	5	5.6	-2.92	1	6.45	3.73	10
1	1.1	1.7	-0.7	1	2.56	1.78	4
1	1	1.6	-0.6	1	2.43	1.72	4
1	2	2.6	-1.4	1	3.58	2.29	6
0.5	1	1.6	-1.1	1	2.02	1.51	5
0	2	2.6	-2.4	1	2.59	1.8	6
0	1	1.6	-1.6	1	1.57	1.29	4
-3	1	1.6	-4.6	1	-1.4	1	9
-5	1	1.6	-6.6	1	-3.4	1	13
-10	1	1.6	-11.6	1	-8.4	1	23
-0.59	1	1.6	-2.19	1	1.01	1	5
-0.6	1	1.6	-2.2	1	1	1	4

-----Verified with ACAD -----

X = 3.03	Y = 2.01	X = 20.55	Y = 9.00	✓
X = 0.15	Y = 1.00	X = 26.99	Y = 9.00	✓
X = 0.95	Y = 1.00	X = 24.78	Y = 9.00	✓
X = 2.46	Y = 1.73	X = 12.34	Y = 6.67	✓
X = 0.08	Y = 1.00	X = 9.59	Y = 5.30	✓
X = -2.42	Y = 1.00	X = 7.01	Y = 4.01	✓
X = -2.92	Y = 1.00	X = 6.45	Y = 3.73	✓
X = -0.70	Y = 1.00	X = 2.56	Y = 1.78	✓
X = -0.60	Y = 1.00	X = 2.43	Y = 1.72	✓
X = -1.40	Y = 1.00	X = 3.58	Y = 2.29	✓
X = -1.10	Y = 1.00	X = 2.02	Y = 1.51	✓
X = -2.40	Y = 1.00	X = 2.59	Y = 1.80	✓
X = -1.60	Y = 1.00	X = 1.57	Y = 1.29	✓
X = -4.60	Y = 1.00	X = -1.4	Y = 1.00	✓
X = -6.60	Y = 1.00	X = -3.4	Y = 1.00	✓
X = -11.60	Y = 1.00	X = -8.4	Y = 1.00	✓
X = -2.19	Y = 1.005	X = 1.10	Y = 1.05	✓
X = -2.20	Y = 1.00	X = 1.00	Y = 1.00	✓

time (0) - t₀ = 0.1 s